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23	Patent Application of
24	Oral F. Sekendur
25	For
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27	One-Piece Disposable Dental Articulator
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30	Field of Invention
31	
32	This invention relates to a one-piece disposable dental articulator. It is formed in one
33	piece from a single sheet of plastic whereby the upper and lower quadrants are stamped
34	perpendicular to the vertical length of the one-piece disposable dental articulator to form
35	the two hinged ends and a body member. The hinges allow the upper and lower member
36	free radial motion about the axis of the stamped hinges and they are able to fold flush
37	against the body member. On either side of the two hinges are retention holes to secure
38	the articulated dental models.



1.4

Description of Prior Art

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3 The following United States Patents are most closely related to the present invention:

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5,026,279	Jun., 1991	Wilkes	433/60.
5,045,949	Sep., 1991	Richardson	433/57.
5,076,786	Dec., 1991	Caline	433/60.
5,141,433	Aug., 1992	Peterson	433/64.
5,221,203	Jun., 1993	Caline	433/58.
5,360,337	Nov., 1994, 42, 9 (1)	Westdyk	433/54.
5,425,636	Jun., 1995 377 A' 2'	,Ghim	433/64.
5,622,497	Apr., 1997	Cho	433/60.
5,769,634	Jun., 1998 (1920-20)		433/64.
5,957,688	Sept. 1999	Van Valey	433/60
	Föreign Pate	nt/Documents	
572850	Nov., 1958	BE	433/64.
1 193 122	Sep., 1985	CA.	
1124255	Oct., 1956	FR	433/54.
446682	Jun., 1927	DE	433/58.
596232	Dec., 1947	GB	433/62.
2098070	Nov., 1982	GB.	

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⁷ Dental articulators are too complicated and have too many parts. The dental professional

⁸ needs something that will do the job simply and easily. As the complexity increases, the

⁹ cost increases. More parts means more parts to break and more things to go wrong. A

1	simple yet versatile che-piece disposable dental articulator that does the job will save
2	time and money.
3	
4	An excellent background description of disposable articulators is contained in U.S. Patent
5	5,957,688. Although ingenious, the articulator described in U.S. Patent 5,957,688 is still
6	too complicated, and has many drawbacks including the time and skill required to
7	articulate dental models. For example, channels have to be prepared and the articulator
8	has to be glued in place to these channels. Additionally, this articulator does not have
9	vertical stops.
10	Scotto Paris de la Contra de la
1i	The present invention overcomes the disadvantages and provides benefits not foreseen in
12	the prior art by combining simplicity and functionality in a convenient economical
13	format. It allows quick and easy articulation of dental models so that the dental
14	professional can focus on making the dental restoration.
15	
16	
17	Objects and Advantages
18	
19	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental
20	articulator:
21	
22	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator
23	that allows for lateral and protrusive translatory movement.
24	
25	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator
	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator that allows quick and easy articulation of dental models.
25	
25 26	that allows quick and easy articulation of dental models.
25 26 27	

1	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
2	that is economical.		
3			
4	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
5	that easy to use.		
6			
7	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
8	that is functional.		
9	-		
10	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
11	that is versatile.		
12	4 Con Se		
13	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
14	that has many configurations.		
15			
16	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
17	that can be used for fixed prosthetics.		
18			
19	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
20	that can be used for removable prosthetics.		
21			
22	It is an object of the present invention to provide a one-piece disposable dental articulator		
23	that has accurate and adjustable vertical stops.		
24			
25			
26 Description of Drawings			
	s a perspective view of an embodiment having a body member with two		
	hinged ends.		
	are side views of various embodiments of the dental articulator.		

1	Fig. 3	is a perspective view of an embodiment having an upper screw and a
2		lower screw.
3	Fig. 4	is a perspective view of an embodiment having mounting plates.
4	Fig. 5	is a side view of an embodiment having short retention pins or long
5		retention pins.
6	Fig. 6a-6	are side views of various embodiments of the one-piece disposable dental
7		articulator with mounting plates.
8 -	Fig. 7	is a side view of an embodiment comprising an "L" shaped lower body
9		member.
10	Fig. 8	is a side view of an embodiment comprising an "L" shaped lower body
11		member comprising retention holes and an upper screw.
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13		en de la companya de La companya de la co
14		Reference: Numerals in Drawing
15		CAC SOFT

1	dental articulator	2	body member
3	upper member (85, 367.65	4.	lower member
5	upper hinge	6	lower hinge
7	upper body retention holes	8	lower body retention holes
9	upper member retention holes	10	lower member retention holes
11	upper articulated model	12	lower articulated model
13	upper screw	14	lower screw
15	mounting plates	16	short retention pins
17	long retention pins	18	retention grid
19	"L" shaped lower body member	20	passive vertical stop
21	vertical lower body retention holes	22	horizontal lower body retention
			holes

Description of Preferred Embodiments 1 2 The present invention uses a one-piece disposable dental articulator 1 in Fig. 1 3 constructed in one-piece from a single sheet of plastic that is stamped perpendicular to 4 the vertical length of the one-piece disposable dental articulator at the upper and lower 5 quadrants between a body member 2 and an upper member 3 to form an upper hinge 5, 6. and between the body member and a lower member 4 to form a lower hinge 6. The 7 hinges allow the upper and lower members free rudial motion about the axis of the 8 stamped hinges and they are able to fold flush against the body member. On either side 9 of the two hinges are upper body retention holes 7, lower body retention holes 8, upper 10 member retention holes 9 and lower member retention holes 10 to hold articulated 11 12 models. 13 The one-piece disposable dental articulator is sufficiently resilient to allow for transverse 14 motion along the vertical axis of the body member when sufficient force is applied in the 15 direction of the desired motion. This allows for sufficient lateral and protrusive 16 translatory motions and simulates occlusal and masticatory motions between the 17 18 articulated models. 19 Accordingly, several alternative configurations of articulating models are possible as 20 shown in Figs. 2a-2d. In Fig. 2a, said upper member and said lower member are 21 extended approximately perpendicular to said body member. The retention holes secure 22 the models in position. This configuration gives the dental professional a choice of using 23 the upper hinge or lower hinge axis. The upper hinge is used by breaching the 24 connection at the upper body retention holes to allow free movement of the upper hinge. 25 Alternatively, the lower hinge can be used by breaching the connection at the lower body 26 retention holes to allow free movement of the lower hinge. 27 28 Since the upper member and lower member are capable of folding flush against the body 29 member, other configurations of articulating models are possible by folding either the 30 upper member Fig. 2b, lower member Fig. 2c or both upper member and lower member 31

Fig. 2d flush against the ocdy member. In the flush position, two sets of retention holes 1 secure the articulated models in position. The upper body retention holes and upper 2 member retention holes are one set and the lower body retention and the lower member 3 retention holes are the other set. Again, either hinge axis can be used. The upper hinge is 4 used by breaching the connection at the upper body retention holes to allow free 5 movement of the upper hinge. The lower hinge can be used by breaching the connection 6 at the lower body retention holes to allow free movement of the lower hinge. 7 Page 1987 Francis 8 The configurations in Figs. 2a-2d, comprise a passive vertical stop 20 when the upper 9 articulated model 11 or lower articulated model 12 comes to rest flush against the body 10 member preventing further movement along the upper hinge or lower hinge axis in the 11 direction of the body member. 12 13 In another embodiment, adjustable vertical stops use an upper screw 13 in Fig. 3 and a 14 lower screw 14 to force the upper articulated model or lower articulated model away 15 from the body member to the desired position. 16 17 In a further embodiment, mounting plates 15 in Fig. 4 are provided comprising short 18 retention pins 16 in Fig. 5 or long retention pins 17 on one side and a retention grid 18 in 19 Fig. 4 on the other side. The retention grid secures the dental model to the mounting 20 plate. The mounting plates are fixed on the one-piece disposable dental articulator in 21 various configurations by fitting the retention pins into the retention holes in the desired 22 configuration. The long retention pins are used with the upper member or the lower 23 member in the folded position to secure to the retention pins to the upper body retention 24 noles or the lower body retention holes of the body member and maintain the folded 25 position whereby the long retention pins pass through the upper member or the lower 26 member. Some of the many configurations include fitting the retention pins to the various 27 retention holes with the upper member or the lower member in the folded or unfolded 28

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position as illustrated in Figs. 6a-6g.

Among the many configurations include: a) at least one mounting plate is fixed on the 1 upper member retention holes and the lower member retention holes whereby the upper 2 member and the lower member are extended approximately perpendicular to the body 3 member, b) at least one mounting plate is fixed on the upper member retention holes 4 whereby the upper member and the lower member are extended approximately 5 perpendicular to the body member, c) at least one mounting plate fixed on the lower 6 member retention holes whereby the upper member and the lower member are extended 7 approximately perpendicular to the body member, d) at least one mounting plate is fixed 8 on the upper body retention holes whereby the upper member and the lower member are 9 extended approximately perpendicular to the body member, e) at least one mounting plate 10 is fixed on the lower body retention holes whereby the upper member and the lower 11 member are extended approximately perpendicular to the body member, f) at least one 12 mounting plate is fixed on the outside surface of the upper member folded flush against 13 the body member, g) at least one mounting plate is fixed on the outside surface of the 14 lower member folded flush against the body member, and h) at least one mounting plate 15 is fixed on the outside surface of the upper member folded flush against the body member 16 and the lower member folded flush against the body member. 17 18 A still further embodiment comprises an "L" shaped lower body member 19 in Fig. 7 and 19 an upper hinge 5, whereby the only moving part is the upper hinge, and whereby the "L" 20 shaped lower body member comprises a single solid piece. The one-piece disposable 21 dental articulator is stamped perpendicular to its vertical length at the upper quadrant 22 between the "L" shaped lower body member and the upper member to form the upper 23 hinge thereby allowing free radial motion about the axis of the upper hinge. This 24 embodiment further comprises upper member retention holes 9 in Fig. 8 for securing an 25 upper articulated model, upper body retention holes 7 for securing an upper articulated 26 model, vertical lower body retention holes 21 for securing a lower articulated model, and 27 horizontal lower body retention holes 22 for securing a lower articulated model. An

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28 29

upper screw 13 is provided.

1	Further, the one-piece disposable dental articulator in this embodiment is sufficiently
2	resilient to allow for transverse motion along the vertical axis of the "L" shaped lower
3	body member when sufficient force is applied in the direction of the desired motion to
. 4	allow for sufficient lateral and protrusive translatory motions and to simulate occlusal and
5	masticatory motions.
6	
7	Other embodiments include a one-piece disposable dental articulator made of metal,
8	plastic, composite, metal with stamped hinges, plastic with stamped hinges, composite
9	with stamped hinges, metal with conventional hinges, plastic with conventional hinges
10	and composite with conventional hinges.
11	
12	The one-piece disposable dental articulator embodiments described herein are capable of
13	being manufactured inexpensively by forming them from a single sheet of plastic without
14	the use of costly molds or casts.
15	
16	The invention is not in any way strictly limited to the examples of construction described
17	previously, but encompasses numerous embodiments, modifications and improvements.
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